

Ch-2 Insolvency and Bankruptcy code, 2016

IBBI (Insolvency Resolution for corpo. person) Reg. 2016

sec./ Reg.	
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PART - I [sec 6 to 11]

Important Terms

⇒ Default - Means Non-Payment of Debt when whole or any part of instalment of the amount of debt has become due and payable and is not paid by the debtor or the corporate debtor as the case may be.



Section 4 of the IBC 2016 provides that Part II of the code shall apply to the matters relating to insolvency and Liquidation of corporate debtor where the minimum amount of default is ₹ 1 crore

⇒ Financial creditor :- [sec. 5(7)]

Means any person to whom the Financial debt is owed and include a person to whom the such debt is legally assigned or transferred.

⇒ Operational creditor - [sec. 5(20)]

Means a person to whom the operational debt is owed and include a person to whom such debt is legally assigned or transferred.

⇒ Operational Debt

A claim.

for provision of Goods or services

eg - amt due for raw m.

- fees to auditor etc.

Incl. employment

eg. salary of employee

Debt payable under any law

eg Taxes to under CG/SG/TA

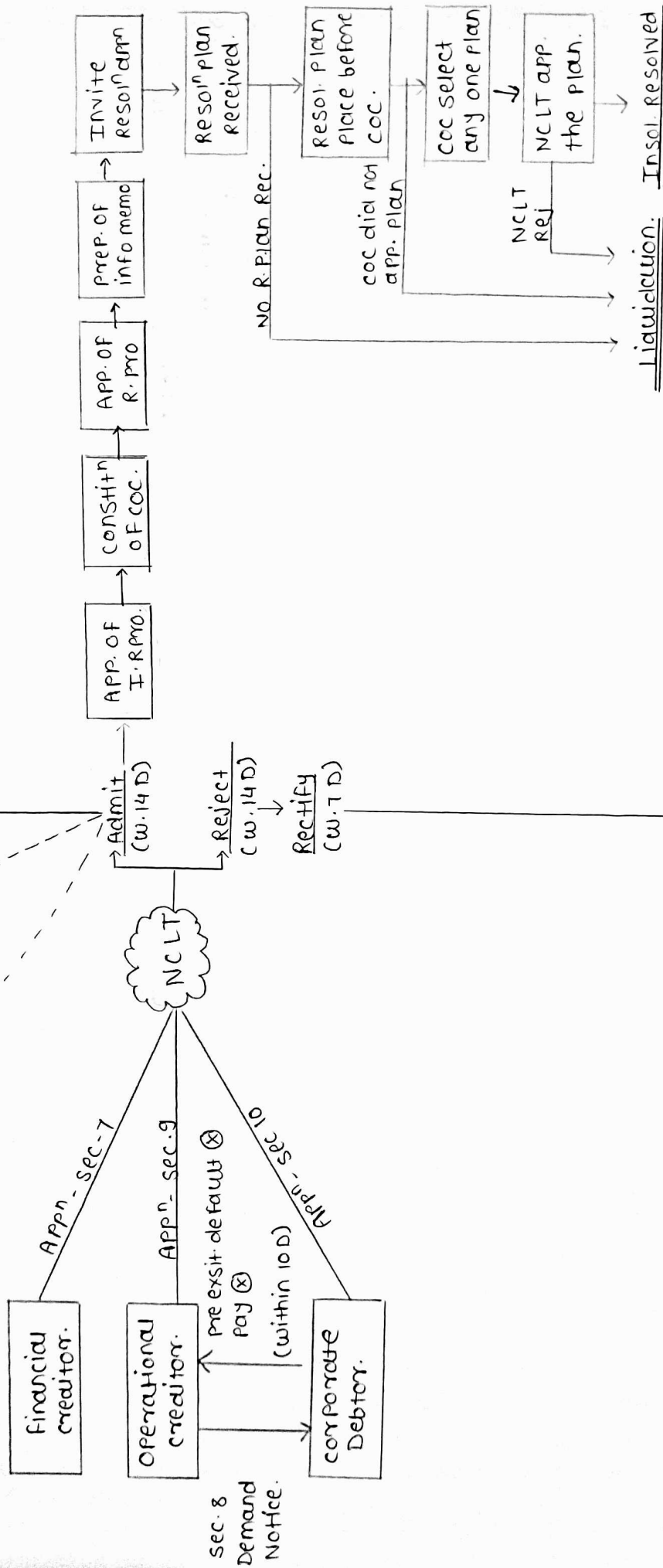
⇒ Financial Debt

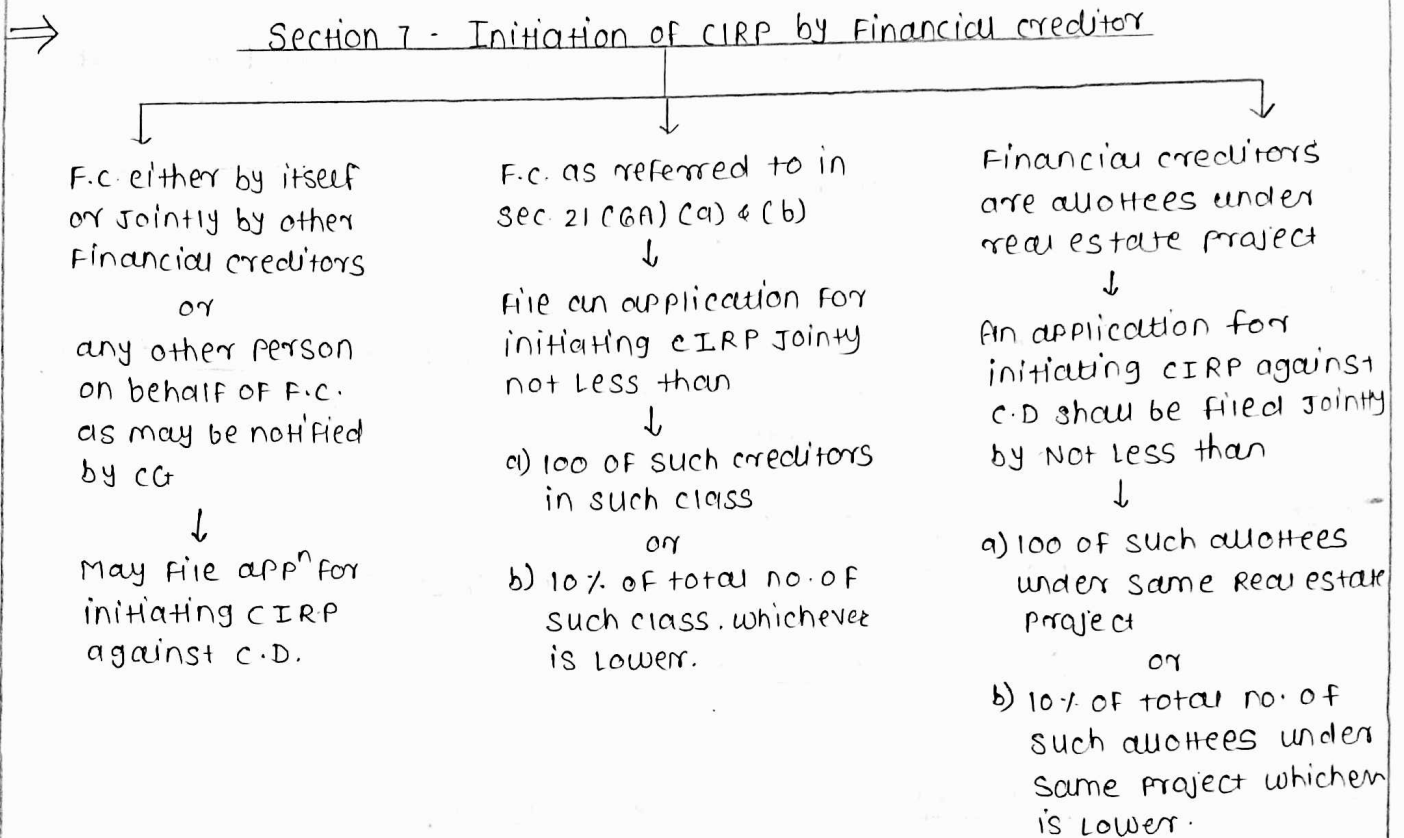
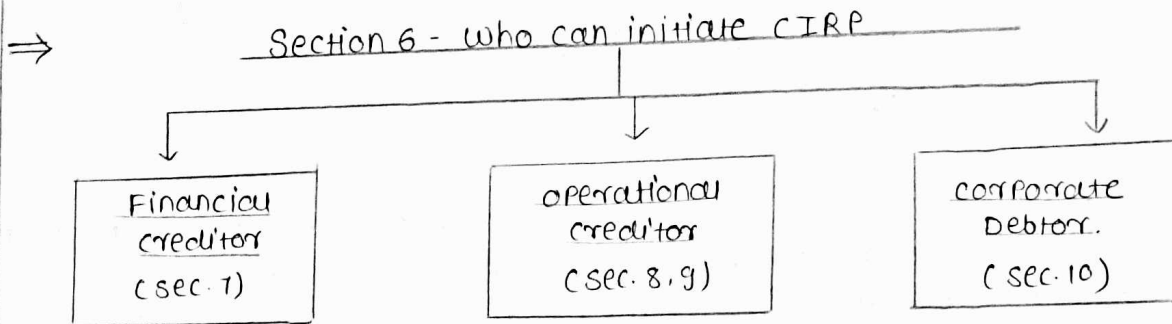
A debt which is disbursed under time value of money. - includes.

- Borrowing
- Accept credit facility.
- Bonds, deb. int, notes pur facility
- Lease / HP → Finance / car lease
- sold Receivable - Reco. basis (AS)
- Forward / sale, pur → commercial effect of borrowing.
- Derivative [Protection / gain]
- counter indem. obligation
- above points → (ind. / guarantee)

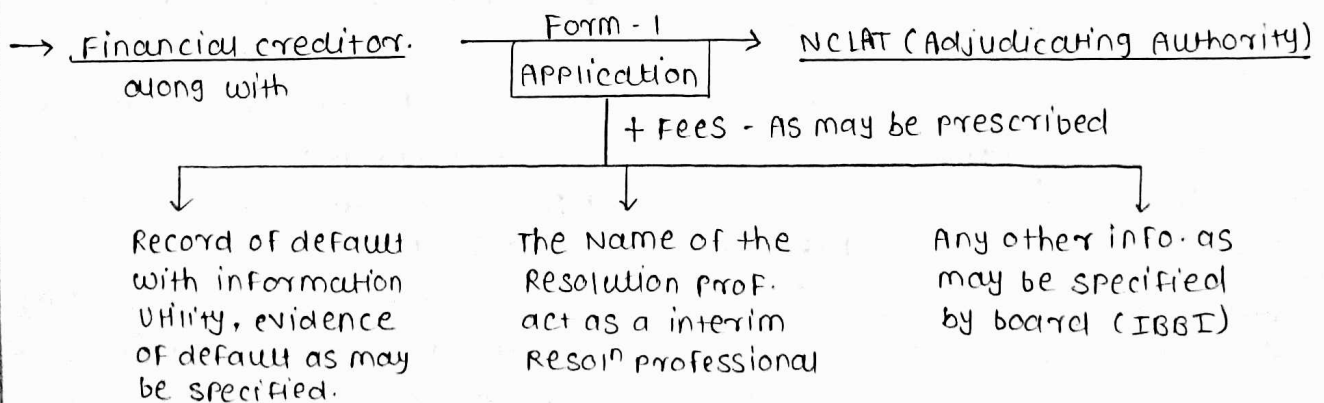
AN OVERVIEW OF CIRP.

Moratorium start. ← CIRP comm. Date.





→ Here default include default in respect of Financial debt owned not only to applicant Financial cr. but to any other Financial creditor of corporate debtor.

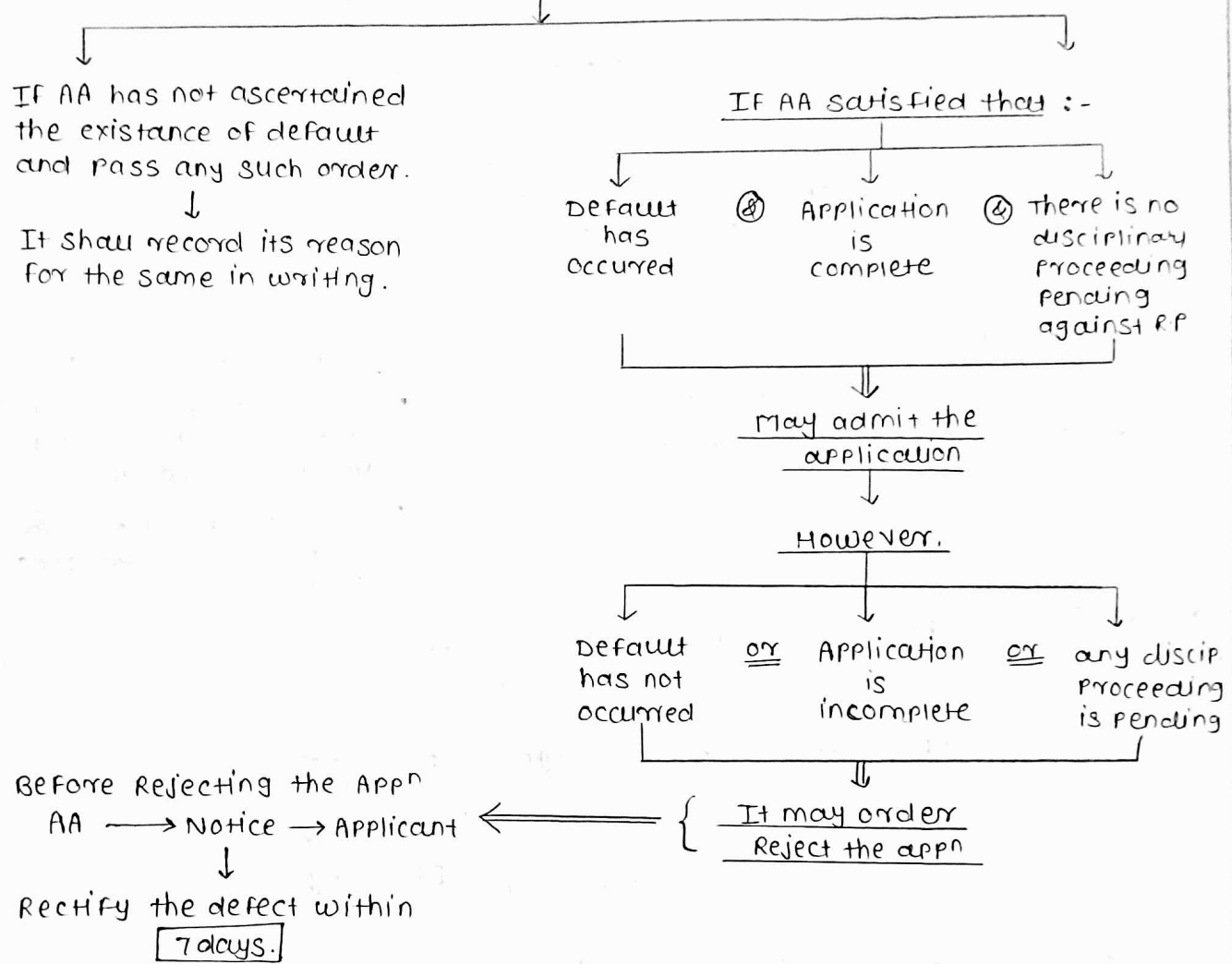


→

Adjudicating Authority

within 14 days of receipt of Application
(Refer case - 1)

Ascertain the existence of default from record of an info. utility or other evidence furnished by Financial creditor.



- CIRP shall commence from the date of Admission of application.
- AA → communicate → order → FC + C.D (within 7 days)
of Rejection or admission of application. if appn is rejected only FC will inform
- Important point :-
- A power of Attorney holder is not competent to file an application on behalf of a Financial creditor, operational creditor or corporate debtor (Refer case No. 2)

Section 9 - Initiation of CIRP by Operational creditor.

Sec-8 → Operational creditor on occurrence of default, deliver - [Sec-8]

Demand Notice of unpaid operational debt.

copy of invoice demanding payment of amt involved in default of corpo. debtor

Corporate Debtor

within 10 days of receipt of Demand notice & invoice bring to notice of O.C.

→ Existence of Dispute, or
→ Record of Pendency of suit
→ Arbitration proceeding filed before receipt of DN or invoice.

→ Payment of unpaid op debt
• Attested copy of record of electronic trf of unpaid amt from bank A/c.
• Attested copy of record that O.P. or has encashed cheque issued by C.D.

→ Sec-9 → After expiry of 10 days from the delivery of Demand Notice & Invoice.

IF O.C. does not receive payment from C.D.

O.C. may file application to AA for init CIRP.
+ Furnish. [Form 5]

copy of DN & Invoice demanding payment delivered by O.C → C.D.

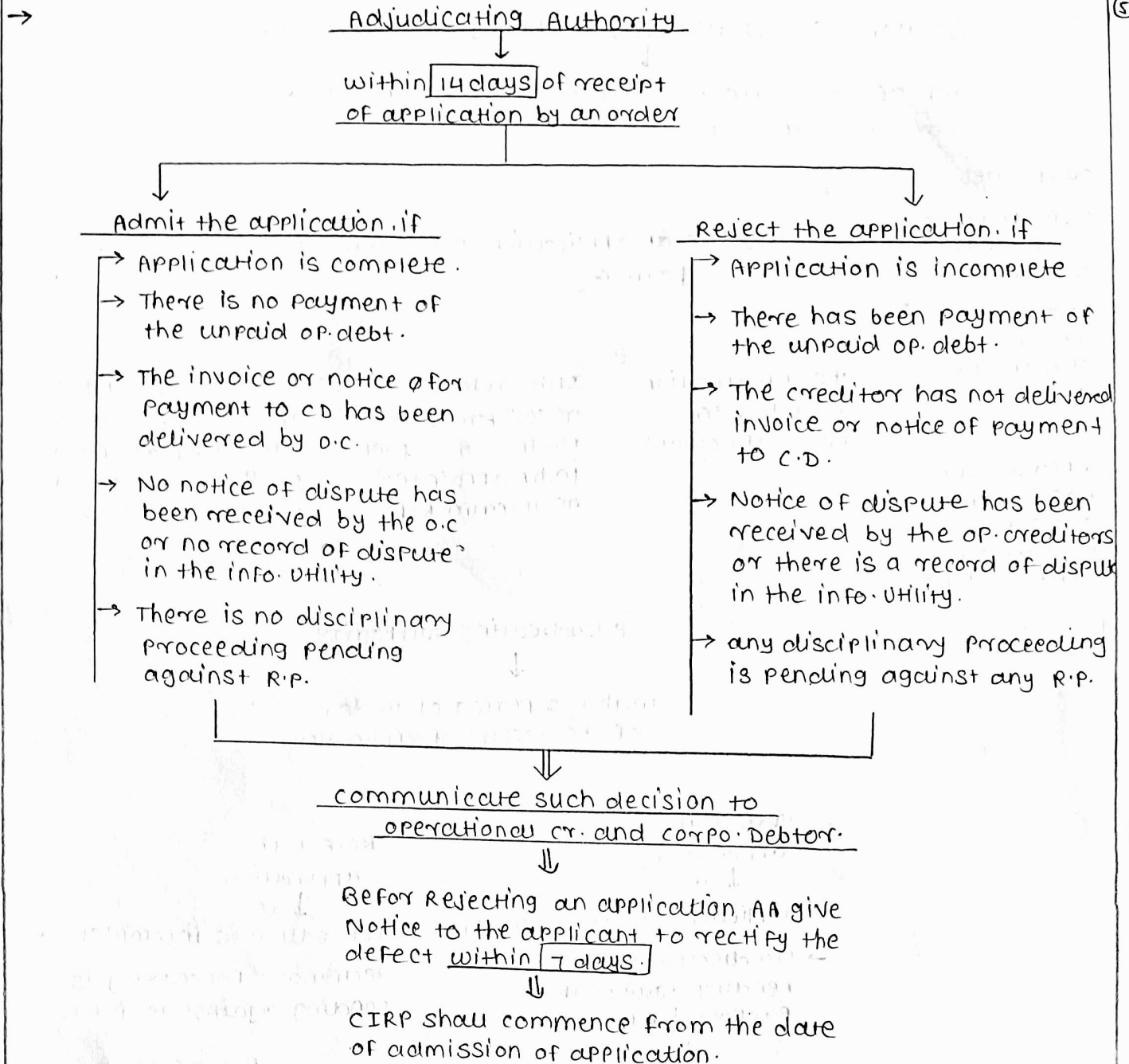
affidavit to effect that there is no notice given to by CD rel. to dispute of opⁿ debt.

A copy of certificate from fin. institution confirming that there is no payment of unpaid debt by C.D. if available.

copy of any record with info. utility confirming that there is No

Any other proof confir. that there is no payment of unpaid debt by C.D.

→ Operational creditor initiating CIRP may propose Resolution professional to act as a interim Resolution professional.



→ Important points :

- whether the principal and interest amount can be clubbed together to reach the min threshold of ₹ 1 crore for operational debt?
→ No, Refer case No. 5
- whether two or more operational creditors can file a Joint application under sec. 9 of the code
→ No, Refer case No. 6
- AS PER REG. 20 OF IBB (Information Utilities) REG 2017, a creditor need to submit financial info. to the info. utilities in form C. of the schedule. It is mandatory for the creditor to file the info. default with the info utility before filing an application to initiate CIRP

Section - 10 Initiation of CIRP by corporate Debtor

where corporate debtor committed a default, a

Corporate applicant

corpo. debtor ←

mem/partner ←

of CD autho.
to make appⁿ

Individual ←

who in charge
of managing
opn & Resor. of
CD

A person who ←
has control
and supervision
over the fin.
affairs of C.D.

[CD Mem, MD, CFO]

May file an application in for init. CIRP
Form G

The information
relating to
Books of account

④

Info. relating to
resolⁿ proposed
Professional prop
to be appointed
as interim R.P.

④

SR passed by sh.hol.
of CD or resolution
passed by at least
3/4th of total no. of
partners of C.D

Adjudicating Authority

within a period of 14 days
of the receipt of application

Admit the
application
↓ if

- Application is complete or
- No disciplinary pro. is
pending against the
Proposed R.P.

↓
CIRP shall be comm.
from date of admi-
ssion of application.

Reject the
Application.
↓ if

- Application is incomplete or,
- disciplinary proceeding is
pending against prop. R.P.

Before Rejecting
appⁿ

Give Notice to applicant to
rectify the defects in his
appⁿ within 7 days

• Important Points -

- NCLT examined the scope of discretion available to an AA. [Refer case No 5]
- AS per Relevant circumⁿ → decided to forward all the applications (UIS 7.9.10) received for initiating CIRP to info. utility
- Fraudulent or malicious initiation of proceeding (Sec. 65) → If any person initiate CIRP or Liquidation process fraudulently or with malicious intent for any purpose other than insolv. or liquidⁿ
→ Penalty : Min 1 Lakh . Max 1 cr.
- Applicability of Limitation Act (Sec. 238A) → Application under sec. 7.9 or 10 can not be admitted for time barred debts

Section 11 Person not entitled to make Application

-
- a) corporate dr. undergoing a CIRP.
or
aa) FC or an OC of CD undergoing a PIRP
or
ba) CD in respect of whom a resolution plan has been approved 12 m. preceding the date of making the application.
- b) a corporate debtor having completed CIRP 12 m. preceding the date of making of the application.
- c) a CD or FC who has violated any of the terms of resolution plan which was approved 12 m. preceding the date of making an application.
- d) CD in respect of whom a liquidation order has been made.

Excluded categories.

Against which corpo. insolvency Resolution Process can not be initiated -

- A Financial service provider is not a corporate debtor for the purpose of the code and consequently a CIRP against a Financial service provider cannot be initiated u/s 7, 9 or 10 of the IBC.
- A Financial service provider is a person authorised and registered by a Financial sector Regulator to provide financial services. The term Financial services and Financial service regulator are defined in sec. 3(15) & 3(18) respectively.
- Sec. 217 of the IBC empowers the central Government, in consultation with the appropriate Financial sector regulator to notify Financial service providers or categories of Financial service providers about their insolvency and liquidation proceedings which may be conducted under IBC with such modifications and in such manner as may be prescribed.
- Financial service provider Rules would apply to Non-Banking Finance company with asset size of RS. 500 crore or more as per latest audited balance sheet.